

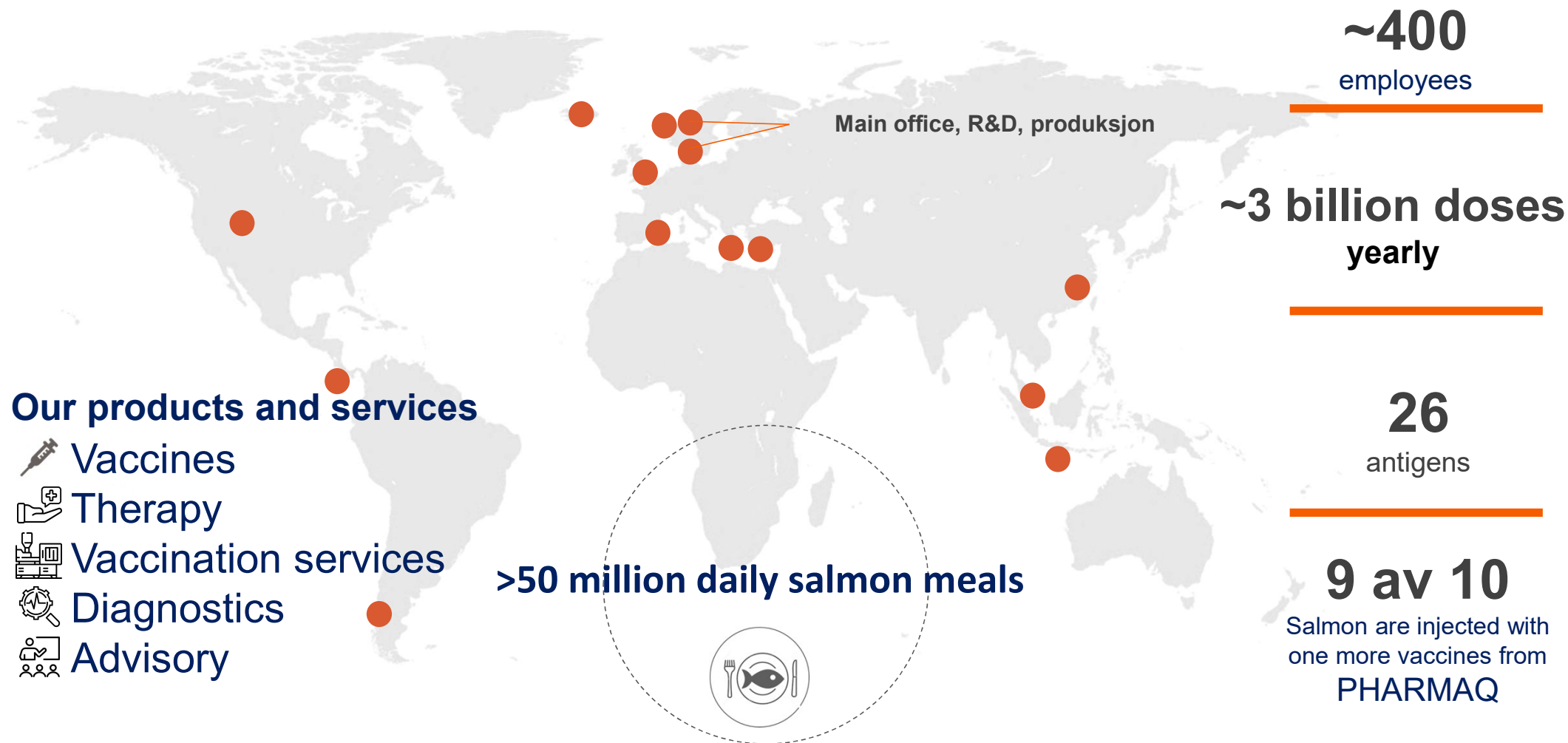
Winter Ulcers (*Moritella viscosa*), serological findings from farmed salmonids in Iceland

Aqua Ice 2025 Reykjavik

Work conducted by Linn Emilie Knutsen, Siv Tunheim

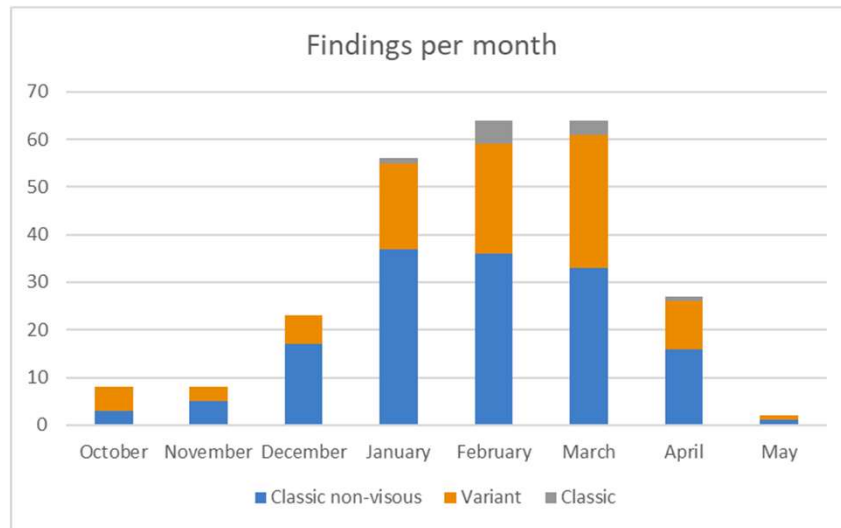
In cooperation with Keldur, University of Iceland, BLÁR AKUR and VETAQ.

PHARMAQ, secure a safe and sustainable food production



Moritella viscosa- the causative winter ulcer bacteria

- Classical viscous isolate
- Classical non-viscous isolate
- Variant isolate



Gyr B
sequencing

«Variant» group:

- Lumpfish and trout isolates
- Canadian salmon isolates
- UK salmon isolates
- Icelandic salmon isolates
- Norwegian salmon isolates

«Classic» group:

- UK salmon isolates
- Norwegian salmon isolates

Classic non-viscous
isolates

Gyr B

Phylogeny *Moritella viscosa*

Variant and classic non-viscous isolates serologically related

«Variant» group:

- Lumpfish and trout isolates
- Canadian salmon isolates
- UK salmon isolates
- Icelandic salmon isolates
- Norwegian salmon isolates

Serological reaction

A

- Norwegian salmon CC1- isolates
- UK salmon isolates
- Canadian variant salm isolates

B

- Norwegian variant CC3- isolates
- Icelandic, UK and Norwegian salmon Classical non-viscous isolates

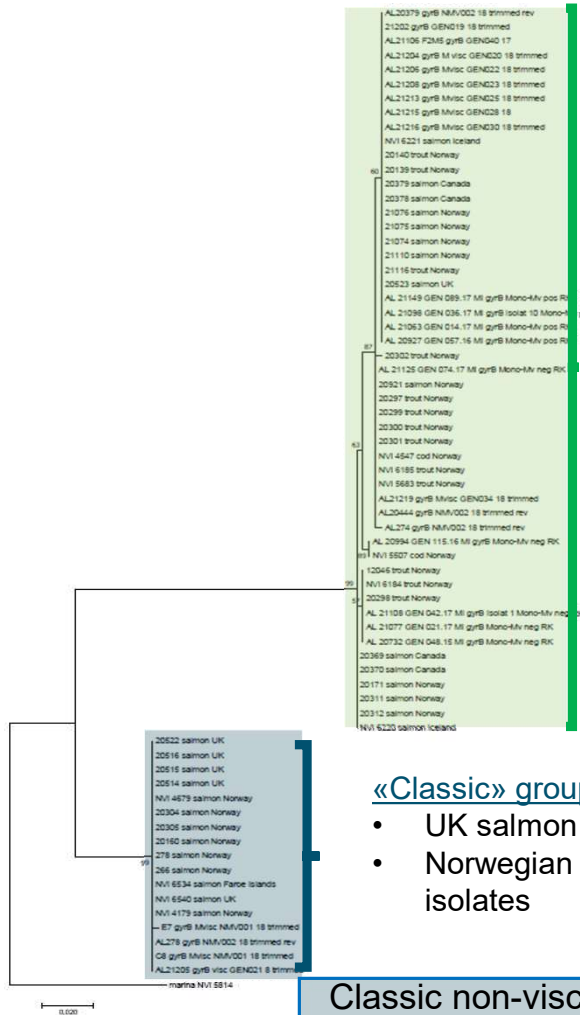
C

- Lumpfish and trout isolates
- Icelandic salmon isolates

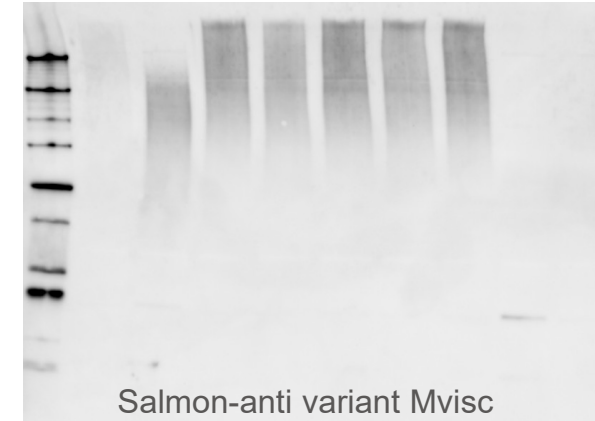
«Classic» group:

- UK salmon isolates
- Norwegian salmon isolates

Classic non-viscous isolates



C V Classic non-viscous



Tingbø et al., submitted

Serological characterization of *M. viscosa* isolates from Iceland

- 10 *M. viscosa* isolates received from Keldur* for serological characterization
- The samples were collected from Arctic char and Atlantic salmon.
- Samples were also sampled from land based and offshore facilities
- The isolates were analyzed with Western blot and id ELISA for comparison with Norwegian vaccine isolates

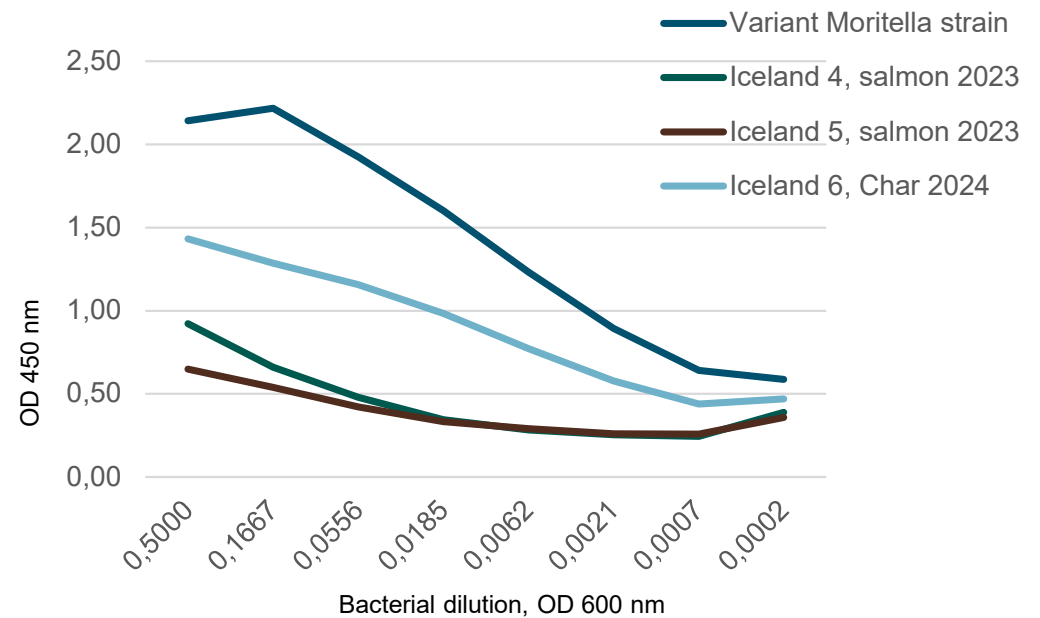
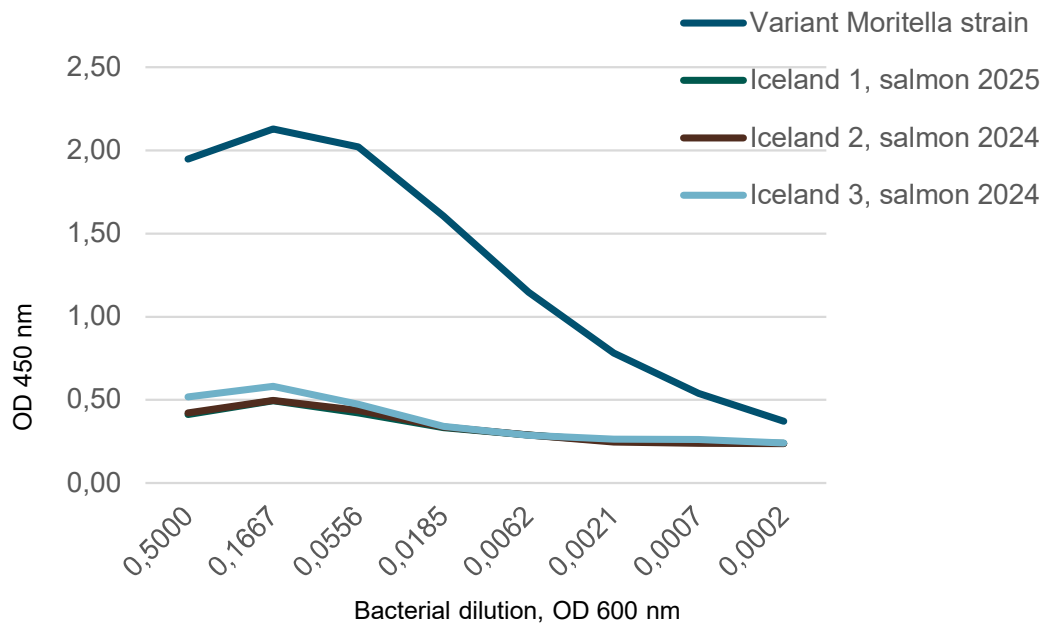
*The Institute for Experimental Pathology at Keldur, University of Iceland

Isolate	Species
Iceland landbased 1	Salmon, Jan. 2025
Iceland landbased 2	Salmon, Dec. 2024
Iceland landbased 3	Salmon, Jul. 2024
Iceland landbased 4	Salmon, May 2023
Iceland landbased 5	Salmon, May 2023
Iceland landbased 6	Char, Nov. 2024
Iceland offshore 9	Salmon, Dec. 2024
Iceland offshore 10	Salmon, Jul. 2024
Iceland offshore 11	Salmon, May 2023
Iceland offshore 12	Salmon, May 2023
Norwegian classical strain	Vaccine strain
Norwegian variant strain	Vaccine strain

id-ELISA analysis

An immunological characterization method used to study/quantify binding between antigen (*M. viscosa*) and antibodies

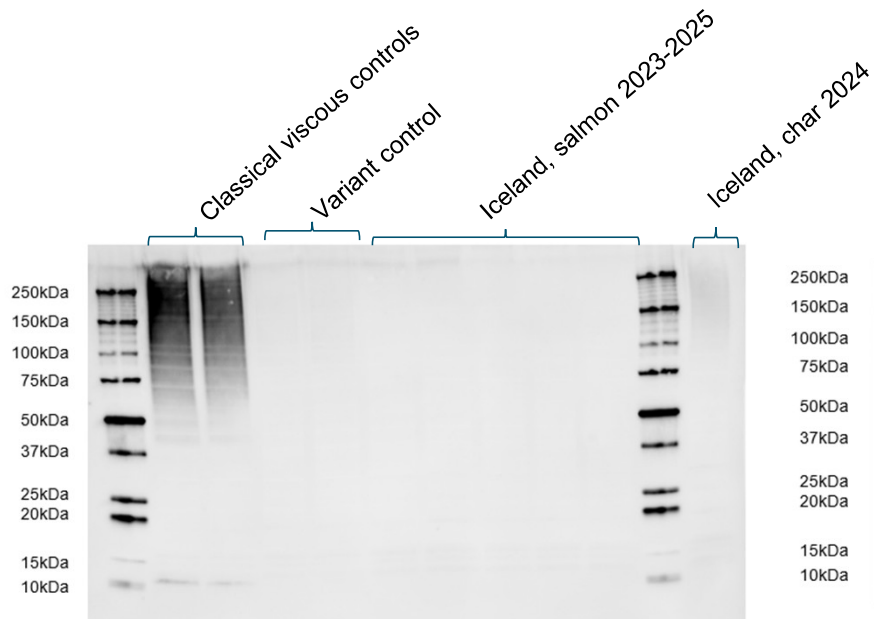
→ Serological comparison of six isolates of *M. viscosa* and antibodies in plasma from salmon vaccinated with a variant moritella isolates from Norway



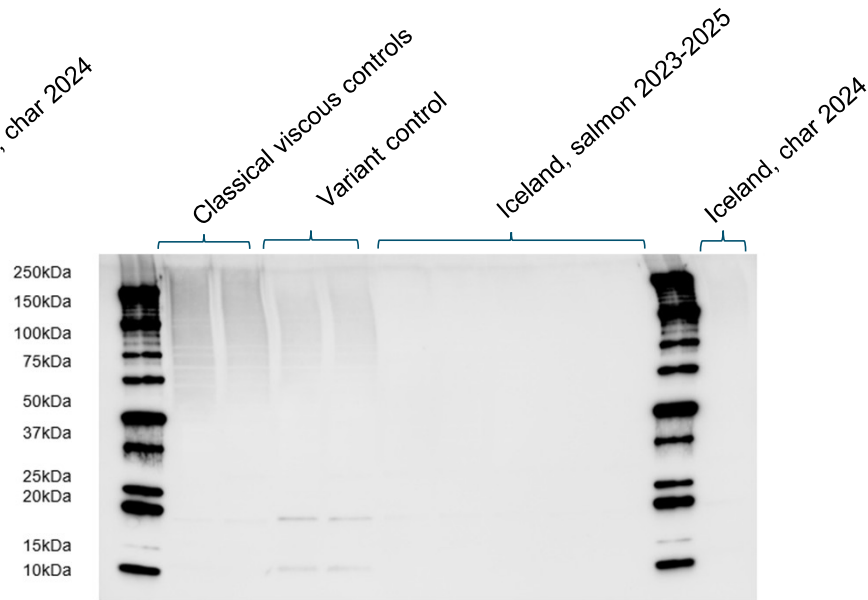
Western Blot analysis

An immunological characterization method used to separate and detect proteins and carbohydrate structures in *M. viscosa* isolates, that are recognized by an antibody

→ Blots stained with antibodies in plasma from salmon immunized with the **classical** and **variant moritella** isolates



Antibody: Atlantic salmon anti classical isolate

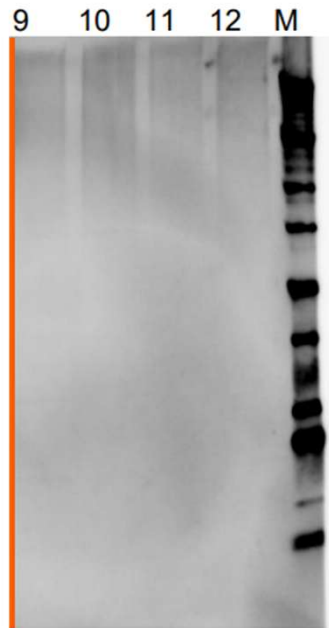


Antibody: Atlantic salmon anti variant isolate

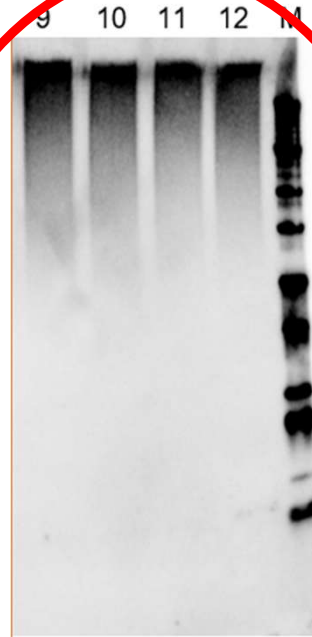
Antibodies produced in salmon against **variante** or **classic** *M. viscosa* isolates did not detect antigen structures of the Icelandic *M. viscosa* isolates from landbased salmon

Moritella isolates from farmed Atlantic salmon

Offshore seawater sites in Iceland-showes crossprotection against the variant isolate



Atlantic salmon anti
classical strain



Atlantic salmon anti variant
strain

Sample ID	Lane
MW std	M
2023-1	9
2023-2	10
2023-3	11
2023-4	12

Antibodies from salmon against variante isolate, detect the antigen structures of offshore Icelandic non-viscous *M.viscosa* isolates

Summary moritella

- The results indicate that the moritella isolates from the land-based Atlantic salmon in Iceland are serotypically different from the traditional classical and variant antigen in the vaccines
- The Moritella isolate from the seawater reared salmon (offshore) in Iceland is classified as **classical non-viscous** and is responding serologically to the variant antigen in the vaccine
- Pharmaq is continuing the serological moritella work throughout 2026
- Pharmaq is interested in receiving and analyzing more Icelandic isolates with the industry to get a better understanding of the diversity of *M. viscosa* in Iceland.

Diagnostics in Iceland

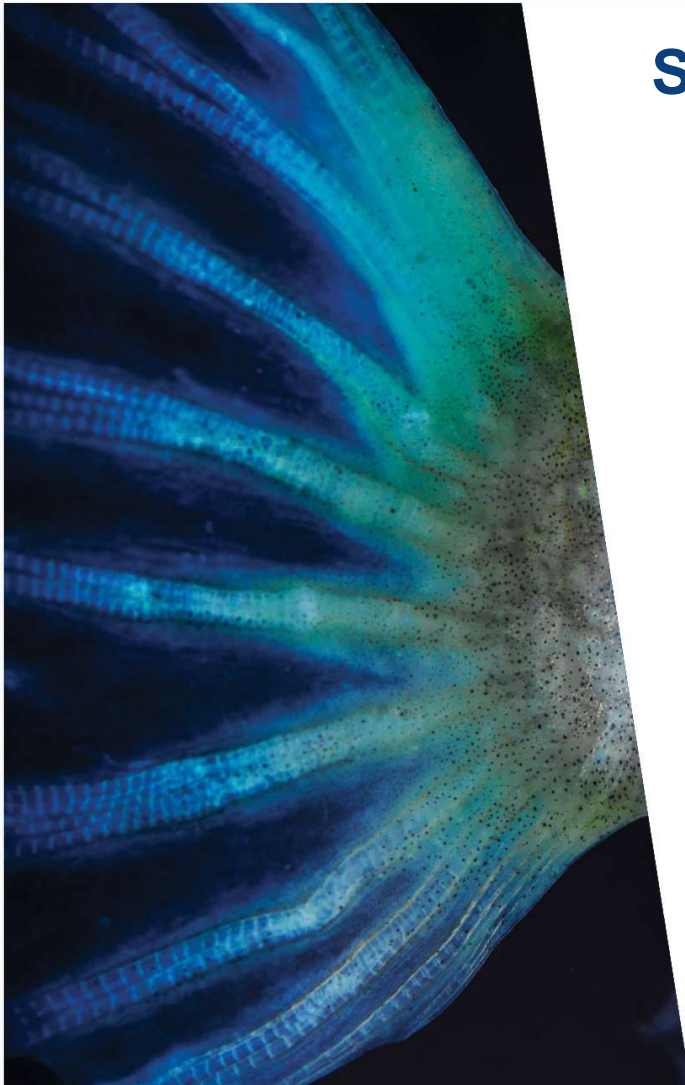
Pharmaq Analytiq partners with Sýni

Sýni -Established 1993, present in Reykjavik and Akureyri

- Microbiological services and chemical analysis
 - PCR, microbiology, health and food safety
 - ISO 17025 Accredited private laboratory in Iceland by SWEDAC
 - Designated/approved by MAST
- Consulting unit
- Training in food safety and quality
- Auditing

PHARMAQ
part of zoetis

zoetis



Syni –Diagnostic services for aquaculture in Iceland

- **RT-PCR (Syni)**
 - In-house extraction of DNA/RNA
 - Urgent response – can obtain results same day / next day
 - Standard response 3-5 days
- **Smoltvision (Syni)** –smoltification tool
- **Histology (Analytiq, Norway)**
 - Traditional histology, Immunohistochemistry
- **Microbiology (Syni)** Culture and characterization of samples
 - Agar plates/Microbevision
- **NGS**
 - Microbial community
 - Whole genome sequencing



**We make
aquaculture
progress**

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part of *zoetis*